

CONTENTS

Symposium on Hypocholesteremic Agents

Introduction 267
DAVID KRITCHEVSKY

Cholesterol and Atherosclerosis 269
DAVID KRITCHEVSKY

Comparative Studies on Hypocholesteremic Agents 277
RODOLFO PAOLETTI

On the Mechanism of Action of Nicotinic Acid in Lowering Serum Lipids 285
O. NEAL MILLER, JAMES G. HAMILTON AND GRACE A. GOLDSMITH

Thyroxine Analogues as Hypocholesteremic Agents 297
CHARLES H. DUNCAN AND MAURICE M. BEST

Inhibitors of Cholesterol Biosynthesis which Act at or Beyond the Mevalonic Acid
Stage 310
WILLIAM L. HOLMES AND NICHOLAS W. DiTULLIO

Editorial

Food, Fallout and the Future 323
S. O. WAIFE

Contents continued on page 5



CONTENTS *continued*—April 1962

VOLUME TEN

NUMBER FOUR

Clinical Reports

- Effect of Adrenal Steroids and of Gluten Upon Malabsorption Induced by Neomycin. 325
EUGENE D. JACOBSON, SUSAN HIBBS AND WILLIAM W. FALON

Gluten-free diets and adrenal steroids have been used in the treatment of certain malabsorptive disorders. Because large doses of the antibiotic neomycin also can produce a malabsorptive state, the effects of steroids and gluten-free diet were studied in man. The conclusions indicate something about the complexity of malabsorptive states.

- Effect of the Mode of Feeding Fats on Serum Cholesterol Levels and Plasma Fibrinolytic Activity of Monkeys 332
C. GOPALAN, S. G. SRIKANTIA, S. N. JAGANNATHAN AND K. S. RAMANATHAN

This interesting experiment shows that "meal eating" or intermittent feeding produces a different effect on serum cholesterol level than continuous "nibbling." In keeping with a study previously reported in this Journal (8: 682, 1960) the *mode* of feeding fats may be an important variable in the cholesterol-fat intake problem.

- Bone Density of an Aging Population 337
AGNES FAY MORGAN, HELEN L. GILLUM, ELIZABETH DYAR GIFFORD AND
ETHELWYN B. WILCOX

Studies of the mineralization of bone are important in nutritional-metabolic studies. Several technical advances have improved the quantitative aspects of this survey technic. In this study a large group of normal elderly subjects were examined for bone density. The results help to establish norms for the "normal."

Special Departments

- ASCN News*. 347

- Reviews of Recent Books*. 358

- Abstracts of Current Literature:* Items of General Interest 360